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Poultry producers' recovery

South Africa's poultry companies have had a rally in their share prices over the past year as a slump in the maize price boosted confidence in higher profits. Jaco Visser spoke to company officials on the outlook for the poultry industry in South Africa.

outh African poultry producers listed on the Johannesburg Stock Exchange (JSE) have returned handsome capital growth to investors who stuck with them while higher imports and expensive maize squeezed the companies' profits during 2012 and 2013.

The price of maize, which constitutes the bulk of poultry companies' cost base, has since slumped, giving chicken producers breathing room to recover their margins. The country's cheapest source of protein, chicken has also been buffered against lower consumption as consumers feel the pressure of South Africa's higher interest rates, high unemployment, industrial action and anaemic economic growth.

Growing confidence in the poultry industry saw the listing of Quantum Foods, primarily an egg producer and

feedmaker after it was spun off Pioneer Foods. Country Bird Holdings, which ranked third in poultry-related sales after Astral Foods and RCL Foods' Rainbow Chicken, saw its minority shareholders bought out by a private-equity firm that has its sights set on expansion into Africa. Not even a R143 million loss at Country Bird dampened the investor's appetite for the industry.

'CHICKEN REMAINS THE BEST-PRICED ANIMAL PROTEIN'

Astral increased its sales by 13% to R9,6 billion in the financial year ending September while aftertax profit surged 61% to R341 million, according to its financial statements. The share returned 141%

ABOVE: The slump in the price of yellow maize has been a major boost for positivy companies, both broifer and equ producers. COURTESY OF

ASTRAL FOODS

to investors over the 12 months ending 4 February.

Country Bird, which was delisted from the stock exchange on 17 December, saw a 13% rise in sales to R3,58 billion in the financial year ending June. However, the company turned a R58 million profit for 2013 into a R143 million loss by the end of June, its statements said.

Black River Asset Management, a subsidiary of the global food-trading giant Cargill, bought the approximately 20% shares that Synapp did not own in the company for a calculated R202 million. The two shareholders delisted it from the JSE. Synapp is the controlling shareholder of Country Bird.

Quantum Foods, which was listed on the JSE on 6 October, saw its revenue grow by 2% to R3,56 billion in the financial year ending September. It shrank

- South Africa's per capita chicken consumption remains stagnant.
- Chicken is the cheapest source of animal protein in SA.
- Poultry producers benefit from lower maize prices as it constitutes one of their largest inputs.

its loss to R8.4 million from R286,8 million a year earlier.

Sovereign Food Investments, based in the Eastern Cape, posted a 21% jump in sales to R841 million during the first six months of its financial year ending in August. The after-tax profit climbed 46% from with the previous year's first half to R21 million.

CHALLENGING TIMES

The last three years have been difficult for poultry producers. As costs rose due to higher maize prices, producers were unable to

Eskom hits poultry producers

Rolling electricity blackouts are hitting SA's major poultryproducing companies and there are fears that the industry will struggle to remain competitive with offshore producers.

Planning and efficient scheduling of power outages should mitigate the effect on production, according to Chris Schutte, CEO of Astral Foods.

"We've accepted in general that load shedding is the best alternative for SA in the meantime," he says.

"We ask Eskorn to plan better. It needs to help us to help it."

The blackouts could make producers more uncompetitive, Schutte says, adding: "The industry is not inefficient in production, but we're cost-inefficient."

According to Coombes, Sovereign has back-up generators at its farms and hatcheries and feedmill, which leads to additional diesel costs.



CHRIS COOMBES



CHRIS SCHUTTE

increase prices because of imports, Chris Schutte, CEO of Astral, says.

"Medium to smaller chicken farmers were pushed out of the market and some consolidation took place," he explains.

The poultry industry slaughtered 19,8 million chickens per week at the height of production and this has declined to 19,2 million per week. "The capacity to produce more chickens is there, but it takes a long time to fill it."

This is one reason the industry cannot react to short-term upswings in the demand for chicken. It takes about 24 months from ordering genetic breeding material in Scotland to putting a chicken product on a consumer's plate, Schutte explains. Chris Coombes, CEO of

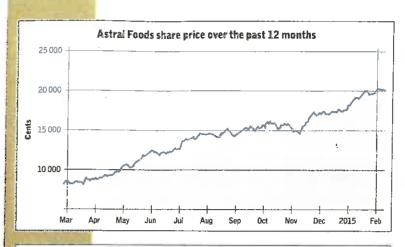
Sovereign Food, says that per capita consumption of chicken by consumers has remained flat. although overall demand has been driven by a growing population.

"Chicken remains the best-priced animal protein and so demand for chicken will always be the strongest in the animal protein category," he predicts. "As for changing consumption patterns, there's a growing demand for fast food and take-home meals due to the growing middle class."

Schutte says that the demand and supply for chicken are roughly in balance at the moment.

CONSUMER OUTLOOK

The consumer remains under pressure due to high energy and transport





Avian influenza ban flouted

The Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries implemented a ban on the importation of chicken products from Germany and Netherlands on 20 November following the outbreak of avian influenza (bird flu) on chicken farms. Producers

from these countries are now apparently routing their products through neighbouring states, according to Astral Foods' Schutte, Sovereign Food's Coombes said producers from those states faced with antidumping levies had also rerouted their products.

costs, Coombes says. But Schutte points out that the recent drop in oil prices and subsequent fuel price decrease should make a little more discretionary disposable income available.

"The lower-income groups use this additional disposable income to eat better and chicken is the cheapest source of protein," he explains.

Sales figures from January would be an indication of whether consumer demand was rising as the mass market tend to use their bonuses to buy protein.

THE POSITIVES

The slump in the price of yellow maize from above R3 800/t in 2013 to its current level of around R2 100/t has been a major boost to chicken producers.

"The decline in grain and protein prices will have a positive effect on our cost base," Coombes says. "Maize and soya beans constitute about 50% to 60% of our farming costs."

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At Astral, maize and soya beans constitutes about 65% of costs, Schutte says.

FUEL PRICE DECLINE

The fuel price drop has benefited poultry producers. Diesel comprises about 3% of Sovereign's cost base and a decline in the price of fuel will have a positive impact, Coombes says.

At Astral, diesel constitutes between 2% and 2,5% of the costs of its internal transport, according to Schutte. The company uses independent companies for its outward logistics and the cost is derived as a percentage of the freight value.

Both Astral and Sovereign have managed to pass on price increases to consumers in their recentlyreported financial periods.

Astral's poultry division increased sales by 16% to R7 billion for the year ending September as the volume of chicken sold rose 7% and selling prices

were 8% higher. Sovereign's 21% jump in sales for the six months ending August was attributed to a 7% increase in the volume of chicken sold and a 12% rise in prices.

Both companies are targeting Africa for future growth. Astral's divisions in the rest of the continent saw revenue growth of 13% to R499 million in the 12 months ending September. The company has broiler breeder and hatchery operations in Zambia and Mozambique as well as an animalfeeds unit in Zambia.

"Animal protein demand in Africa will be strong over the next 20 years due to the growing population and changing diets," Coombes says.

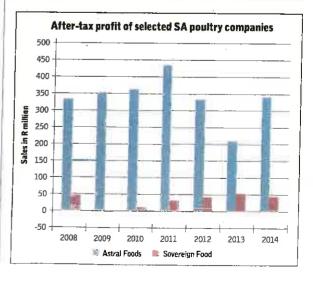
"Sovereign is actively expanding its sales in Southern Africa both through our current SA trading partners and via export sales."

 Phone Astral Foods on 012 667 5468 and Sovereign Food on 041 995 1700. FW

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Revenue of selected SA poultry companies 12 10 Sales in R billion 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 Sovereign Food Astral Foods



Chicken imports stalled

The poultry industry is holding its breath as Minister of Trade and Industry, Rob Davies, investigates allegations of dumping of so-called brown chicken meat, or portions that European consumers do not want, in South Africa.

The International **Trade Administration** Commission's interim anti-dumping levies on certain chicken cuts imported from Germany, Netherlands and the UK expired on 6 January.

The commission handed the results of its preliminary investigation on the alleged dumping of chicken cuts to the minister, according to Schutte.

Davies has until August to complement the probe with further investigation, but the industry expects him to make a decision on permanent levies by the end of April.

"The co-operation we receive from Minister Rob Davies's department is very supportive to get the best for South Africa," Schutte says. "I've no doubt that he will resist other countries to buily him."

In the meantime, poultry producers that

were slapped with the anti-dumping levies have moved the origin of their products to other states, including Spain, Belgium and France, according to Coombes. These countries are not subjected to antidumping levies.

Changes in import volumes, especially leg quarters, have an enormous impact on local poultry pricing for all producers in South Africa, he says.

"They'll do anything to get value for their chicken offcuts," Schutte explains.